State-of-the-art model-specific XAI techniques: Advantages,

CSE3000 - RESEARCH PROJECT RESPONSIBLE PROFESSOR: MAURO CONTI SUPERVISOR: CHHAGAN LAL

1. BACKGROUND

- IN THE RECENT PAST, MORE AND MORE CATASTROPHIC **ISSUES OF AI SYSTEMS ARE BEING HIGHLIGHTED.**
- THIS IS CAUSED BY THE BLACK-BOX NATURE OF AI SYSTEMS.
- THEREFORE QUESTIONS ARE BEING RAISED ON: TRANSPARENCY, BIAS, TRUST AND ETHICS OF AI SYSTEMS.
- BY NOT EXPLAINING OUR AI MODELS WELL ENOUGH, WE ARE AVOIDING ACCOUNTABILITY BUT ALSO PUTTING A LIMIT ON IMPROVEMENT.
- WE WILL ONLY FOCUS ON MODEL-SPECIFIC XAI: XAI TECHNIQUES THAT APPLY TO A SPECIFIC TYPE OF AI MODEL. MODEL AGNOSTIC TECHNIQUES ON THE OTHER HAND FOCUS ON XAI TECHNIQUES THAT WORK IN GENERAL

2. RESEARCH QUESTION

- THE MAIN OBJECTIVE OF THIS RESEARCH IS TO ANALYZE THE CURRENT MODEL-SPECIFIC XAI TECHNIQUES.
- HOW DO THE TECHNIQUES COMPARE TO EACH OTHER?
- WHICH REQUIREMENTS SHOULD A GOOD TECHNIQUE ADHERE TO? WHAT ARE THE LIMITATIONS OF CURRENT **TECHNIQUES? CAN WE ADDRESS SOME OF THEM?**
- FINALLY, WHAT IS THE SCOPE FOR FUTURE WORK?
- WHEN LOOKING AT MODEL-SPECIFC XAI, THIS RESEARCH **ONLY FOCUSES ON XAI TECHNIQUES FOR DEEP LEARNING** METHODS (NEURAL NETWORKS (NN)).

Limitations and Perspective

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- **DIFFICULT TOPIC.**
- TIME: OVERALL COMPARISONS DEEPLIFT)

- LOGIC-BASED **EXPLANATION**

- **TO GAIN MORE HUMAN TRUST**
- GUIDELINES TECHNIQUES.
- **ACCURATE IT IS**
- **SHOULD LOOK INTO THIS**

Technique	Туре	Expertise	Bias	Time	Privacy	Performance	Visualization
DeepLIFT	Feature-based						Global
ntegrated Gradients	Feature-based						Global
Grad-CAM	Feature-based						Global
SIDU	Feature-based						Global
Perturbation	Feature-based						Both
xNN	Feature-based						Both
ACE	Concept-based						Global
Net2Vec	Concept-based						Global
TCAV	Concept-based						Both
Concept & ILP	Concept/Logic-based						Global
NBDT	Logic-based						Both
DeepRED	Logic-based						Global
	FIGURE 1: AN	OVER	VIEW	OF	HOW	THE	
	DIFFERENT TEC	HNIQUE	S P	ERFO	RM ON	I THE	
	GENERAL REOL		TC	GREE	N - (
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ORANGE = AVERAGE, RED = BAD





3. COMPARISON

 THE TECHNIQUES CAN BE DIVIDED IN FEATURE-BASED. CONCEPT-BASED AND LOGIC-BASED (FIGURE 1) • THERE ARE SOME GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

EXPERTISE: OVERALL EASY TO USE.

• BIAS: NOT A LOT OF WORK DONE. PROVEN TO BE A

NOT EFFICIENT. DIRECT SOME (E.G. INTEGRATED **GRADIENTS VS**

PRIVACY: NO REAL PRIVACY AWARENESS

• PERFORMANCE: FEATURE-BASED TECHNIQUES HAVE SOME GOOD POINTS. CONCEPT-BASED PERFORM WELL OVERALL. COMPROMISES ON ACCURACY OF

4. FUTURE WORK

• TRADE-OFF BETWEEN ACCURACY AND EXPLAINABILITY

USE OF HYBRID TECHNIQUES. CONCEPT & ILP HAS PROVEN

FOR EVALUATING **FEATURE-BASED** IMPORTANCE SCORES ARE BEING EXTRACTED BUT THERE IS NO WAY TO FIND OUT HOW CURRENT TECHNIQUES SHOULD EXPAND ON MORE DATA

TYPES (AUDIO, TABULAR OR SEQUENTIAL)

PRIVACY AWARENESS IS LACKING AND ALL TECHNIQUES