

Figure 1: A 3D rendered image of the Midge [2]

## 1. Background

- Studying human behavior is complex
- Behavior changes when observed [3]
- Collecting data is difficult
- Mobile sensors may provide a solution

# 2. Definitions

- The Midge (cf. Figure 1)
  - Mobile device
  - Contains a DMP
  - Developed by Socially Perceptive Computing Lab at Delft University of Technology
  - Used to study human interaction in a natural social context (like a congress)
- Internal Measurement Unit (IMU)
  - Measures acceleration, rotation and gravitational forces
- Digital motion processor (DMP)
  - Combines data from sensors in the IMU (Like the rotation vector)
- Rotation Vector
- Describes rotation direction & speed
- Rotation definitions
  - Euler angles
  - 3 dimensional, prone to gimbal lock (cf. Figure 2)
  - Quaternions
    - 4 dimensional, difficult to visualize

# **3. Research Question**

How does the Midge compare to a modern mobile phone regarding the accuracy and reliability of the rotation vector from the DMP in the Midge?

# Categorizing the performance of the rotation vector produced by the Digital Motion Processor of the midge.

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#### 4. Method

- Create a precise controllable rotating platform
- Connect phone and sensor to platform
- Experiment with slow constant rotation single direction



#### 5. Results

- Experiment parameters:
- Constant speed
- Almost instant start and stop
- 1200 steps at 0.9° per step (3 full rotations)
- Step speed 75 Hz (16 seconds for 3 full rotations)







### 6. Conclusions

Visual analysis:

- Phone data shows expected results:
  - Large change in one axis (Z2)
  - Small changes in remaining axis (X2,Y2)
  - Constant speed rotation (Z2)
- The Midges are consistent on Z & Z2
  - When compared to the mobile phone
  - When compared to each other
- Main axis of rotation
- More noise in X,X2,Y & Y2
- When compared to the mobile phone
- When compared to each other
- Small changes (<10°)</li>
- Not main axis of rotation, • difficult to control
- Midges maybe be less accurate in detecting smaller (<10°) changes

# 7. Limitations

- Single axis of rotation tested
- Single speed tested
- Single direction tested
- One other DMP tested

## 8. References

[1]. J. Zeitlhöfler, "Nominal and observation-based attitude realization for precise orbit determination of the jason satellites," Ph.D. dissertation, Jun. 2019, p. 16. [Online]. Available: https://mediatum.ub.tum.de/doc/1535899/file.pdf [2]. <u>https://github.com/TUDelft-SPC-Lab/midge-code</u> [3]. J.-M. Hoc, "Towards ecological validity of research in cognitive ergonomics," Theoretical Issues in Ergonomics Science, vol. 2, no. 3, pp. 278–288, 2001. doi: 10.1080/14639220110104970. eprint: https://doi.org/10.1080/14639220110104970. [Online]. Available: https://doi.org/10.1080/14639220110104970