

# Assessing ML Robustness to Sample selection bias

Zeeshan Khan

Z.Khan@student.tudelft.nl

Supervisor:  
Responsible Professor:

Yasin Tapeli  
Joana Gonçalves



## Research Question:

How effective are minimax estimation techniques in mitigating sample selection bias?

## Background

- Sample selection bias is a significant issue in machine learning, arising when the training and test sets originate from different distributions, impacting generalizability.
- This has led to research and implementation of domain adaptive models including minimax estimators.
- Despite the implementation of these models, it is crucial to assess their effectiveness..

## Methodology

### MODEL SELECTION:

- Minimax estimators RBA [1] and TCPR [2] were chosen for evaluation along with traditional models LR and SVM.

### DATA GENERATION:

- Generate data and split into global (unlabeled), source (train) and target (test) sets as shown in figure 1.

### BIASING:

- Induce bias in source domain.
  - Covariate Shift (figure 2b)
  - Class Imbalance
  - Survivorship Bias (figure 2c)
- Adapt using global domain.
- Test on target domain.

### EVALUATION:

- Evaluate the chosen models using metrics.
  - F1-score
  - Log-loss,
  - AU-ROC score.

## Results

The results are shown figures 3-6

FIG3:

CLASS IMBALANCE

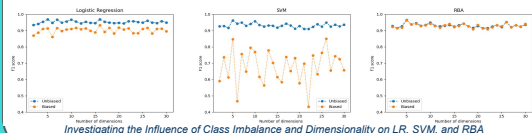
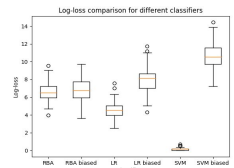
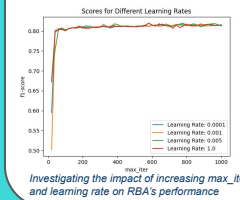


FIG4: COVARIATE SHIFT



Box plots illustrating the impact of covariate shift on RBA, SVM, and LR

FIG6: PARAMETER TEST



Investigating the impact of increasing max\_iter and learning rate on RBA's performance

FIG 1: DATA PARTITIONING



Splitting data into test(20%), train(30%), and unlabeled(50%) set

Fig2:

Biasing the source data

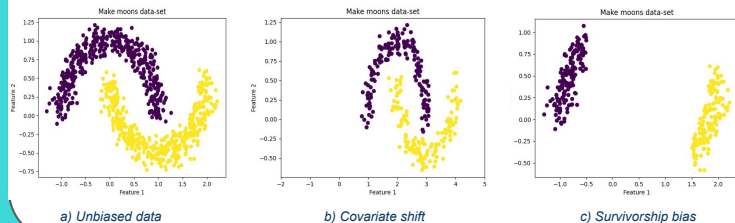
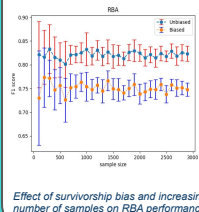


FIG5: SURVIVORSHIP BIAS



Effect of survivorship bias and increasing number of samples on RBA performance

## Discussion

- Robust Bias Aware Classifier (RBA) outperformed traditional supervised learning algorithms LR and SVM in the presence of sample selection bias.
- TCPR's performance could not be tested due to problems with its implementation
- Increasing max\_iter parameter of rba beyond a threshold did not significantly improve results
- Changing the learning\_rate parameter of RBA did not impact the performance of the classifier by much.

## Future Work

- Testing the robustness of other minimax estimators on increasing domain distance between source and target sets.
- Testing other parameters of RBA and TCPR
- Testing the robustness of TCPR to bias on an implementation which does not throw exceptions.
- Using different evaluation metrics for evaluation

## References

- [1] Liu, Anqi, and Brian Ziebart. "Robust classification under sample selection bias." *Advances in neural information processing systems* 27 (2014)
- [2] Kouw, Wouter M., and Marco Loog. "Target contrastive pessimistic risk for robust domain adaptation." *arXiv preprint arXiv:1706.08082* (2017).